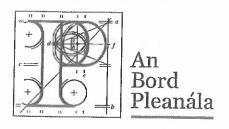
Our Case Number: ABP-314724-22

### **Planning Authority Reference Number:**



Cormac McKay and Aeravai 5 Saint Brigids Road Upper Drumcondra Dublin 9 D09 C9C7

Date: 26 January 2023

Re: Railway (Metrolink - Estuary to Charlemont via Dublin Airport) Order [2022]

Metrolink. Estuary through Swords, Dublin Airport, Ballymun, Glasnevin and City Centre to

Charlemont, Co. Dublin

Dear Sir / Madam,

An Bord Pleanála has received your recent submission (including your fee of €50) in relation to the above-mentioned proposed Railway Order and will take it into consideration in its determination of the matter.

The Board will revert to you in due course with regard to the matter.

Please be advised that copies of all submissions/observations received in relation to the application will be made available for public inspection at the offices of the relevant County Council(s) and at the offices of An Bord Pleanála when they have been processed by the Board.

More detailed information in relation to strategic infrastructure development can be viewed on the Board's website: <a href="www.pleanala.ie">www.pleanala.ie</a>.

If you have any queries in the meantime, please contact the undersigned. Please quote the above mentioned An Bord Pleanála reference number in any correspondence or telephone contact with the Board.

Email

Yours faithfully,

MB 99

Niamh Thornton Executive Officer

Direct Line: 01-8737247

Cormac McKay
5 St Brigids road Upper
Drumcondra
Dublin
D09 C9C7

### **Aeravai**

# Autonomous Electric Road and Air Vehicle Association of Ireland

Submission to An Bord Pleanála

**Metrolink Dublin** 

### **Observations**

- Cost
- Obsolete technology
- Alternatives
- Duration of project
- Construction consequences
- Health effects
  - Unrealistic behavioural change

### Cost

I have met with the Office of Comptroller and Auditor General to raise my concerns with the unknown projected costs of the project now estimated at somewhere between €9.5 billion & €25 Billion or possibly even more. I warned them of the possible damage to Ireland's reputation from offering financial products based on this project, and how financing this project could seriously damage Ireland's international reputation. I also discussed alternatives to Metrolink and future and emerging transport technology that will be a more cost effective solution to our future transport needs.

There is a developing opinion that the current tendering system is broken and in need of urgent reform, before such a large project like Metrolink is undertaken or if it should at all.

We must learn lessons from previous Irish projects such as the National Children's Hospital. The method of how it is financed with the taxpayer expected to pick up any shortfall in funding, with changes in the domestic and international supply chain expenses.

We must also learn lessons from other similar international projects such as the CrossRail (now the Elizabeth line) and the unforeseen cost overruns and delayed delivery date of the project, with now a multi generational long term pay back bonds for the financing.

HS2 (High Speed 2) UK should also be a cautionary tail on the unknow costs of rail projects. In fact rail projects in general across the EU and rest of the world have a terrible reputation of cost overruns and poor financial viability, which is why so few projects like this have been untaken. Despite this project being promised for political gain for over 40 years its financial variability has always been and continues to be questioned, as to whether it is the best use of taxpayer funds or if it should even be considered a priority with so many other more urgent priorities of taxpayer and private investor funds such as the housing crisis, retrofitting inefficient homes, renewable energy generation and other urgent carbon mitigation projects.

It is still unclear whether this will stay in full public ownership or if a PPP (public private partnership) contract may be signed with a private operator/s? as some of these PPP's have not worked out very well for the taxpayer, with shortfall in projected use and profit made, being subject of contract clauses. An Agreement governing traffic growth on the M3 and Limerick Tunnel, guaranteed the Government will pay if traffic growth doesn't reach it and that the taxpayer should pick up the bill for shortfalls. It would be my fear because Metrolink will be obsolete transport technology by the 2030's and unfavored by the general public that its use may not hit expected or projected passenger numbers and any shortfall in expected profit or repayment of bonds and funding will be expected to be paid by the taxpayer.

It is understandable that an attitude of plow on, we've spent so much already on this project some estimated it at over €250 million euro, on mostly outside contractor and consultants that we should continue, but this may be an extremely unwise position to take, with the well known developments in transport technology and alternatives to this type of traditional public

transport that may make it become obsolete sooner than the actual projected delivery date some time in 2030's of the project. At a huge expense to the taxpayer and private funding, it is the equivalent of delivering a canal in the age of rail, a landline phone network in the age of mobile phones or a CD in the age of streaming. That's what Metrolink may be with near future transport advancements and the current business case for Metrolink is based on these advancements not happening.

https://www.wsj.com/articles/subway-mta-bart-public-transit-new-york-boston-san-francisco-11673198418

It would be my opinion that this €250 million on consultants should be written off as a bad learning experience and that future projects should not be conducted or financed in this manor, as the NTA/TII clearly lacks the experience to deliver such a project and should never have been financed by the taxpayer and instead expenses for plans or proposals should be paid for by competition by the expected contract deliverers.

There is too much of a cottage industry of consultants and outside transport contractor firms plaguing transport project delivery costs, costing taxpayers around the world billions and that after the fact auditing and Auditors have been ineffective at preventing future cost overruns.

### Obsolete technology

I am the founder and spokesperson for Aeravai it was set up to advocate for and educate; transport planners, politicians, industry and the general public of the coming advancements and the near future deployment of advanced transport technology such as Autonomous Electric AI controlled Vehicles that are being currently in use and will be in use on future Robotaxis, Delivery Drones & passenger eVtol aircraft deployments around the world, with Ireland predicted to benefit from this €1,000,000,000,000 Trillion plus future industry.

https://www.irishtimes.com/business/transport-and-tourism/avolon-predicts-ireland-to-be-centre-of-1tn-urban-air-industry-1.4590902

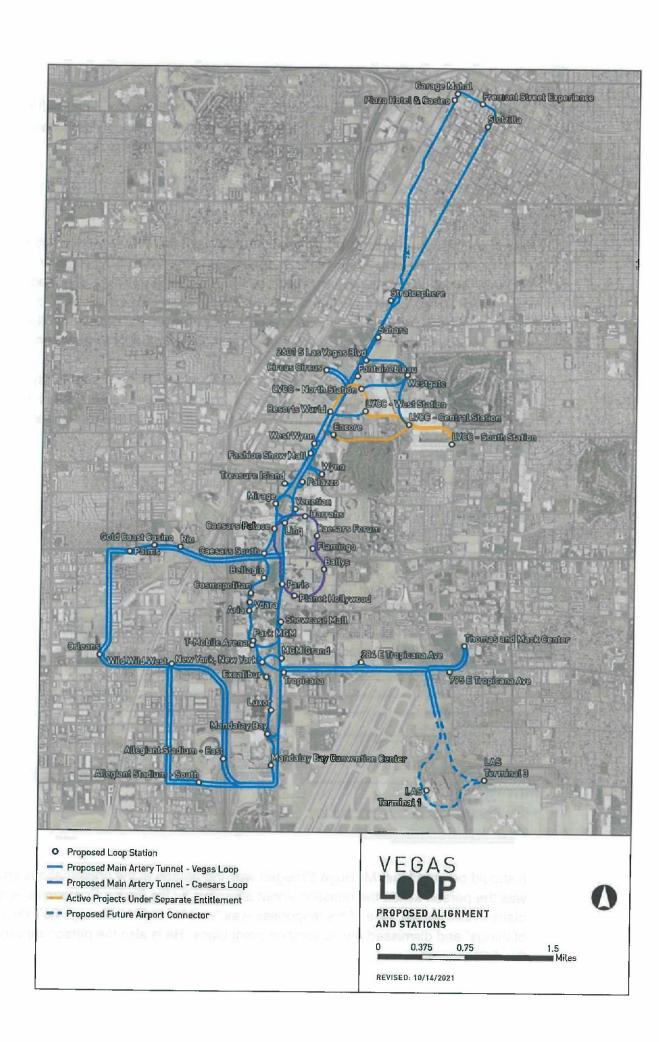
What this means is how people travel in the 2030's will be drastically different to today and the speed of adoption of these advancements in transport could be exponential, Instead of travelling to Dublin Airport by rail, you may be travelling by passenger drone, eVtol in the air or Autonomous RoboTaxi on the ground and these may be a more desirable form of travel than disjointed public transport and underground rail. This may cause adverse reactions on projected passenger numbers travelling on Metrolink making its commercial viability questionable with Dublin Airport being one of its major justifications for the project.

In fact Dublin Airports own passenger numbers may decline significantly in the 2030's with the emergence of smaller electric aviation aircraft that can take off and land from anywhere in the country no longer needing passengers to travel to Dublin airport at all, for the majority of short haul travel and the IAA, EU and UNECE global regulators are currently making the rules for deployment of these technologies.

### **Alternative proposal**

One of the alternative proposals by myself is to copy of what is currently under construction in Las Vegas by a company called The Boring Company using underground smaller affordable vehicle tunnels and Autonomous RoboTaxis A 50km network of tunnels with connections to all major hotels and venues a large stadium and connection to the busy international airport the system is projected to handle over 500m passengers per year, for a more desirable on-demand, direct door-to-door, shared mobility transport service.

www.boringcompany.com

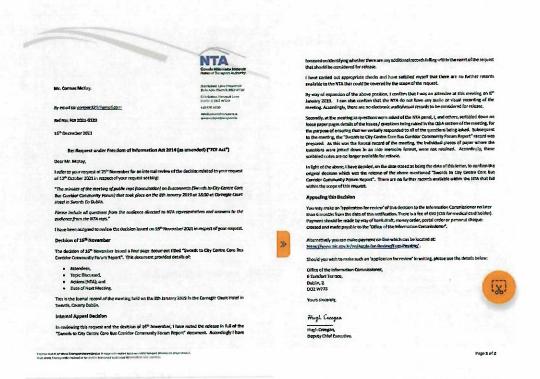


The company has already in the space of a couple of years planned and bult a demonstration system at a busy convention centre and just recently demonstrated how the system could work. <a href="https://www.boringcompany.com/lvcc">https://www.boringcompany.com/lvcc</a>

### https://twitter.com/boringcompany/status/1612634349559742465

One of the disadvantages of a Metro is that they are notoriously expensive to build per km and require large station blocks, these are extremely disruptive, time consuming and labor intensive to construct and many in other cities have had unforeseen delays on completion dates. The Boring Company's solution avoids these pitfalls with smaller tunnels and smaller stations or no need for stations at all with entrances into the tunnel network from street level for direct door to door service.

This solutions was brought to the attention of the National Transport Authority at a number of public consultations and meeting with public reps. Unfortunately I did seek an FOI to verify this and included it in submission but no records of questions asked at meetings were kept the by NTA.



It should be noted that Mr Huge Creegan was the person at the presentations and was the person asked the question about alterative by the Boring Companies and its plans in Las Vegas. One of his responses was "well Mr Elon Musk says he'll do a lot of things" and dismissed my suggestion point blank. He is also the person replying to this FOI request.

I also submitted this proposal to the Dail public petitions committee for a feasibility study to be conducted.



It was never my intention to ask the NTA to conduct this feasibility study as I do not believe it possesses the technical know how on how to conduct one for this proposal,

It was a very disappointing unfortunate misunderstanding of the petitions case manager and unfortunately I was never invited to present my request to the committee, after this reply from Anne Graham the petition was closed without a satisfactory outcome, I did request a number of times and communicated with the committee about the incorrect information provided but due to procedure once a petition is closed it can not be reopened and I was asked to resubmit the petition.

Mrs Anne Graham's reply to the committee was to misdirect and deceive the committee as she is well aware of the current proposal in Las Vegas and may of even used the current service on a recent visit to Las Vegas.



As a proposal for delivering effective orbat acceptation, it is no consultation, constant at this position.

In this, the other parties is between it is planted its strain is reported, a most a "Nepolatoring presents.

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"The Dubbin Loop" has been put forward by file Alackay as a replacement for Alebakini, Bactioneets, DATE-and ener public prayages projects, which he consider are "broaked braigers proposals", it is her NYA's public but there he no morable has to talk. Naticity's preparate and no city's in the world is stopping development of its "conventional" snappost proposals for local on the filasticity.

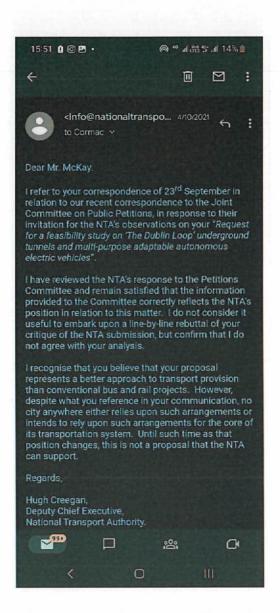
Given the embryonic nature of the "hyperbase" proposal, it would not be a good use of scance public resources to constission a featibility study that the Button version — "the Dation Loop" — and the NTA does not propose to undersake any purb study.

Those that the above information is of assistance to the Constitute

Yours sincerely,

When confronted with the misdirection I was again dismissed.

Begards Correac McKny



All avenues of discussions with the NTA have been exhausted.

There has also been an Irish media blackout of my alternative proposal <a href="https://www.theDublinLoop.ie">www.theDublinLoop.ie</a> and the Boring Company project in Las Vegas with no discussion or public debate in any of the national Irish media an industry insider suggested to me they do not want upset the NTA and lose any current or future potential advertising revenue from the NTA.

### **Duration of project**

Because of the nature of this project it will take considerable long time to complete and similar projects have taken years longer than expected Another disadvantage of Metro projects.

### Construction consequences

There will be a number of unpalatable consequences from the construction of this Metro proposal including a number homes need to be vacated and demolished, along with a community leisure centre and a historical landmark.

### **Health effects**

One of the developing worries regards underground rail is the potential health effects of the Air polutions on underground Metros. <a href="https://www.sciencefocus.com/news/london-underground-air-pollution/">https://www.sciencefocus.com/news/london-underground-air-pollution/</a>

## https://www.thelancet.com/journals/ebiom/article/PIIS2352-3964(22) 00244-4/fulltext

Heavy rail in general has some emerging health concerns that the Irish authorities are still only beginning to investigate and become aware of With the most significant being noise pollution and its long term health effects this project proposes to link up with other heavy rail as a core principle of its interconnectedness.

### https://www.bmj.com/content/374/bmj.n1954

The EPA has yet to publish it findings of noise pollution levels in the city. The HSE is currently conducting studies for long term effects. Unfortunately the HSA has not conducted any safety inspections in workplaces from railway noise pollution in the workplace.

### Unrealistic behavioural change

There seem to ideological lack of understanding of why a majority of the general public does not use or will not use public transport and the expectations that delivery of this project will encourage people out of private cars and on to it may be unrealistic and the behavioural change will not be realised to justify the proposal going ahead especially with the coming advancements in transport technology and alternative options such as on-demand door-to-door RoboTaxis.

EU - European Union

EPA - Environmental Protection Agency

eVtol - electric vertical take-off and landing

HSE - Health Service Executive

HSA - Health and Safety Authority

IAA - Irish Aviation Authority

Km - Kilometre

NTA - National Transport Authority

UNECE - United Nations Economic Commission for Europe